

Subject : Optional-I b) Banking Law Including Negotiable Instrument Act

Day : Friday

Date : 30/11/2012



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY FOUR** from Section –A including questions No.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Attempt Any **TWO** questions from Section –B.
- 3) Q. No. 1 carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

SECTION-A

- Q.1** Write short notes on Any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Instruments of credit control by RBI
 - b) Structure of RBI
 - c) Inspection of banking companies
 - d) Licensing of banks
 - e) Definition of 'Bank'
 - f) Winding up of banking companies
- Q.2** Explain the main functions of RBI.
- Q.3** State the salient features of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
- Q.4** Describe the functions, objectives and organizational structure of SBI.
- Q.5** Explain the powers of duties of Banking Ombudsman.
- Q.6** Explain briefly the objectives of Bank Nationalization.

SECTION-B

- Q.7** What do you understand by a Negotiable Instrument? What are it's features?
- Q.8** Define a Bill of Exchange and state it's essentials. How does it differ from a Promissory Note?
- Q.9** Explain with reference to the relevant provisions, the liabilities of a collecting banker.
- Q.10** Explain briefly the law relating to presumptions of Negotiable Instruments.

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Subject : Contract-I

Day : Saturday
Date : 24/11/2012



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt **SIX** questions in all including **Q.No 1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20 Marks** and all other questions carry **12 Marks** each.

- Q.1** Write short notes on Any four of the following with reference to Specific Relief Act.
- a) Rectification of Instruments
 - b) Injunction
 - c) Cancellation of Instruments
 - d) Contracts which may be specifically enforced
 - e) Nature of Specific relief
 - f) Declaratory Decrees
- Q.2** "All contracts are agreements but all agreements are not Contracts". Explain the statement in the light of essential elements of a valid Contract.
- Q.3** What is an offer ? State the rules of a valid offer.
- Q.4** Define and explain "consideration." What do we mean by "Privity of contract" and "Privity of consideration"
- Q.5** 'A minors agreement is void -ab- initio' Explain with the help of relevant case laws.
- Q.6** What is 'Coercion'? Distinguish it from 'Undue Influence'.
- Q.7** "An agreement in restraint of Trade is void." Examine this statement in the light of its exceptions.
- Q.8** Examine the rule in Hadley v Baxendale. Is the rule applicable in India?
- Q.9** What are Quasi Contract? Explain the various types of Quasi Contracts given under the Indian Contract Act.
- Q.10** Explain
- a) Discharge by impossibility of performance.
 - b) Standards Form Contracts.

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Subject : Constitutional Law-I

Day : Tuesday
Date : 20/11/2012



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q. NO.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) **Q.NO.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.

- Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Citizenship
 - b) Rights of arrested person
 - c) Right to die
 - d) Judicial activism
 - e) Right against exploitation
 - f) Doctrine of Eminent Domain
- Q.2 What is the nature of Indian Constitution? Explain its salient features.
- Q.3 "Article 14 strikes at arbitrariness in state action and ensure fairness and equality of treatment. The principle of reasonableness, which legally as well as philosophically is an essential element of equality." Comment
- Q.4 What is meant by self incrimination? Discuss whether the use of narco analysis, brain-mapping is constitutional?
- Q.5 Describe the role played by the supreme courts in expanding the scope of article 21 of the Indian constitution.
- Q.6 Explain the scope of religious freedom under the Indian Constitution.
- Q.7 Discuss the Writ jurisdiction of the Supreme Court under Article 32.
- Q.8 "Religious or linguistic minority communities have right to establish and maintain educational institution of their choice in order to preserve their language and culture." Comment with the help of important case law
- Q.9 Discuss the inter-relationship between the directive principle of state policy and fundamental rights.
- Q.10 Right to freedom of speech and expression include freedom of press. Explain with the help of relevant case laws

Subject : Law of Crimes

Day : Thursday

Date : 22/11/2012



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all out of which Q.NO 1 is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q.NO. 1 Carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.

- Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following
- a) Mistake of fact as a defence.
 - b) Common object and common intention.
 - c) Rioting and Affray.
 - d) Unnatural offences.
 - e) Criminal Trespass.
 - f) Adultery.
- Q.2 'The act and intent must concur to constitute a crime'. Explain with reference to the maxim *Actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea*'.
- Q.3 'Nothing is an offence which is done in exercise of right of private defence'. Discuss.
- Q.4 The offence of 'Murder' is an aggravated form of 'Culpable Homicide'. Distinguish between culpable homicide and murder.
- Q.5 'Rape is an offence against a body, but it affects the mind and degrades the soul'. Explain with the help of case laws
- Q.6 'Whoever causes bodily pain, disease or infirmity to any person is said to cause hurt'. Discuss grievous and simple hurt.
- Q.7 What is kidnapping? Distinguish it from Abduction
- Q.8 Discuss the liability of an Abettor under the Indian Penal Code.
- Q.9 What is Criminal Conspiracy? Discuss in detail the offence of Criminal Conspiracy.
- Q.10 What is Capital Punishment? Discuss the theory of rarest of rare case while awarding capital punishment.

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Subject : Optional-I a) Indian Federalism

Day : Friday

Date : 30/11/2012



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) **Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY**, it carries **20** marks. Out of the remaining questions attempt **ANY FIVE** questions.
- 2) Question numbers 2 to 10 carry **12** marks each.

Q.1 Write notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Nature of federalism
- b) Scope of federalism
- c) Types of federalism
- d) Features of federalism
- e) Globalization
- f) Privatization

Q.2 Explain nature, scope and working of federalism in USA.

Q.3 Explain role of judiciary in USA in area of federalism.

Q.4 Explain nature and scope of Indian Federalism.

Q.5 Explain provisions of Indian Constitution providing for federalism.

Q.6 Explain judicial approach to federalism under:

- a) Re Berubari Case
- b) Kesavananda Bharati Case

Q.7 Explain working of federalism under Indian Constitution in normal times.

Q.8 Explain working of Indian federalism during emergency.

Q.9 Write brief account of comparative studies of federalism.

Q.10 Explain new challenges facing federalism.

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Subject : Optional-I a) Indian Federalism

Day : Monday

Date : 21/11/2011



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.:

- 1) Question No 1 is **COMPULSORY**, It carries **20** marks; out of the remaining questions attempt any **5** questions.
- 2) Questions numbers **2** to **10** carry **12** marks each.

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- Q.1 Write notes on any FOUR
- a) Types of federalism
 - b) Features of federalism
 - c) Role of judiciary in working of USA federalism
 - d) Nature of Indian federalism
 - e) Globalization
 - f) Privatization
- Q.2 Explain concept, meaning and importance of federalism
- Q.3 Explain federalism of USA. How it works under constitutions of USA?
- Q.4 What are provisions of the constitution to provide for federalism in India?
- Q.5 Explain judicial approach to federalism under
- a) Re Berubari Case
 - b) S.R, Bommai Case
- Q.6 Explain working of Indian federalism in normal times.
- Q.7 Explain working of Indian federalism in emergency.
- Q.8 Give a brief account of comparative studies of federalism.
- Q.9 Explain new challenges of federalism in form of coalition government.
- Q.10 Explain effects of terrorism on federalism. How these effects are faced by federalism

**Subject : Optional-I b) Banking Law Including
Negotiable Instrument Act**

Day : Monday

Date : 21/11/2011



Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Max Marks : 80 Total Pages : 1

N.B.

- 1) Attempt any **FOUR** questions from Section-A including Q.No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Attempt any **TWO** questions from Section-B.
- 3) Q.No. 1 carry 20 marks and all other question carries 12 marks each.

SECTION – A

- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Licensing of banking companies
 - b) Acquisition of the undertaking of Banking Companies under certain circumstance.
 - c) Structure of R.B.I.
 - d) Control on management of banking company
 - e) Banking for non resident Indian
 - f) Objects of Banking Regulation Act 1949
- Q.2** Explain how the Reserve Bank of India controls the activities of commercial banks.
- Q.3** Explain the type of business permitted for a banking company under the Banking Regulation Act 1949.
- Q.4** 'Fourteen major commercial banks of the country were nationalized in 1969 to make the banking industry and important instrument of social and economic change'. Elaborate.
- Q.5** Give the objects and features of the State Bank of India Act, 1955.
- Q.6** Examine in brief the Banking Ombudsman Scheme 1995.

SECTION – B

- Q.7** What is Promissory Note? Give its features.
- Q.8** 'Presumptions under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 as valid under all circumstances'. Comment.
- Q.9** Discuss the law relating to discharge of party from negotiable instruments.
- Q.10** Explain the following:
- a) Holder of negotiable instrument
 - b) Crossing of cheques

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